

#LUSOFONIA



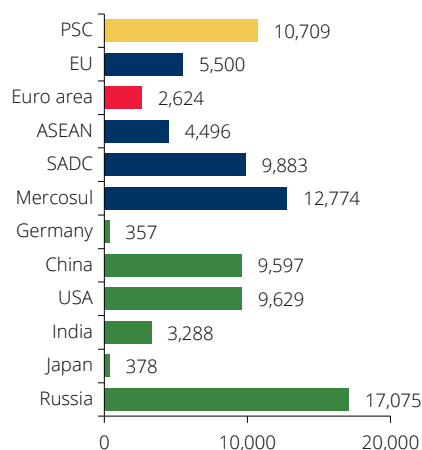
BANCO DE PORTUGAL
EUROSISTEMA

Annual issue • October 2018

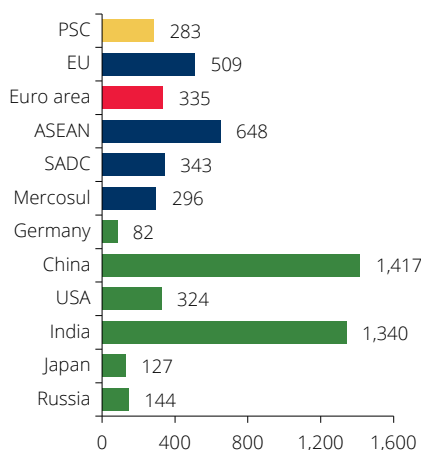
Socioeconomic indicators of Portuguese-speaking Countries

Community in charts

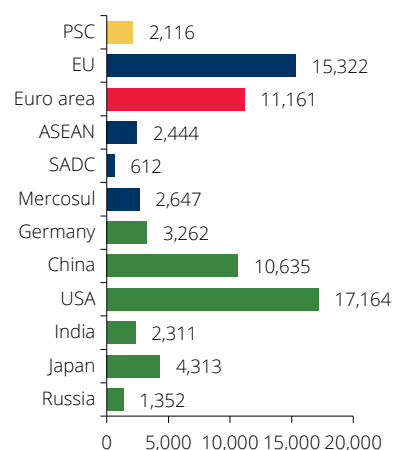
Land area | Thousand km²



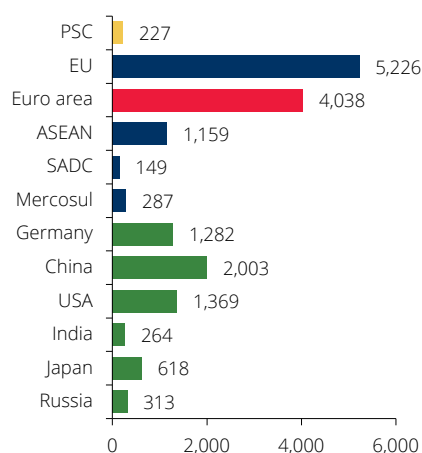
Population | Millions, 2017



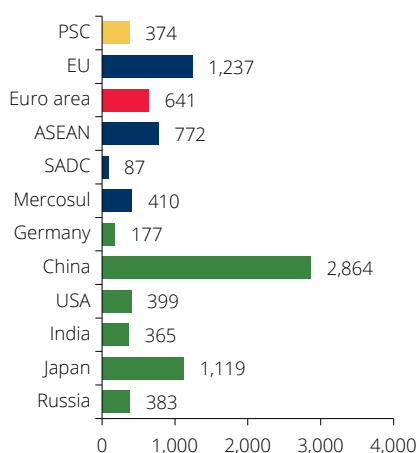
Gross Domestic Product | EUR, billions, current prices, 2017



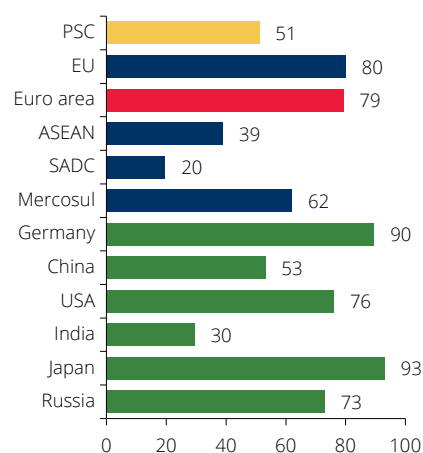
Exports | Goods, EUR, billions, 2017



Foreign reserves | EUR, billions, 2017



Internet | Users, as a percentage of total population, 2016

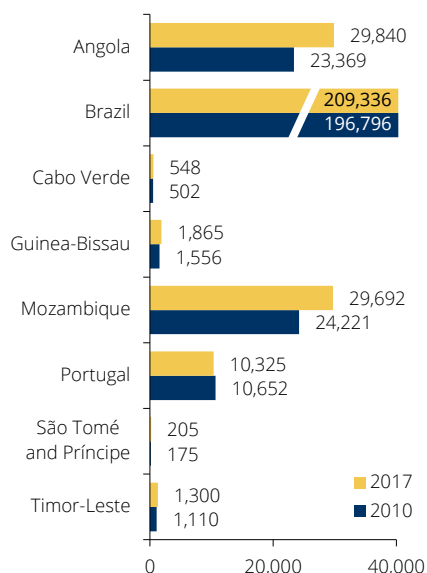


Note: Includes intra-community exports.

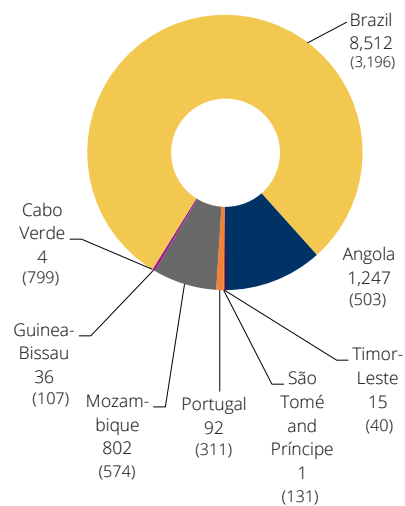
Key to the charts: PSC – Portuguese-Speaking Countries (Angola, Brazil, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, Portugal, São Tomé and Príncipe, Timor-Leste); ASEAN – Association of Southeast Asian Nations (Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Vietnam); Mercosul (Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay, Uruguay, Venezuela); SADC – Southern African Development Community (Angola, Botswana, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Lesotho, Madagascar, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Seychelles, South Africa, Eswatini (former Swaziland), Tanzania, Zambia, Zimbabwe); EU – European Union (Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom); Euro area (Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain).

Portuguese-speaking Countries in charts

Population | Thousands

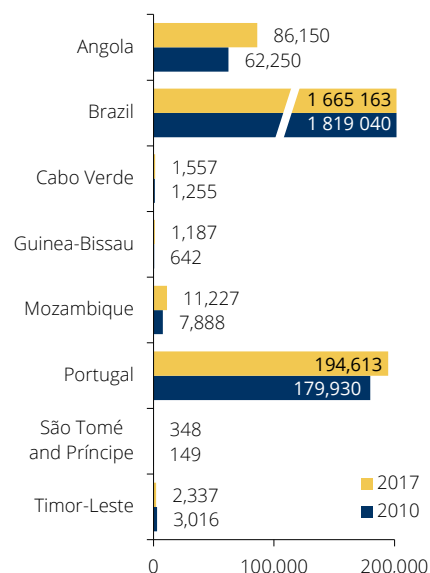


Land area | Thousand km²



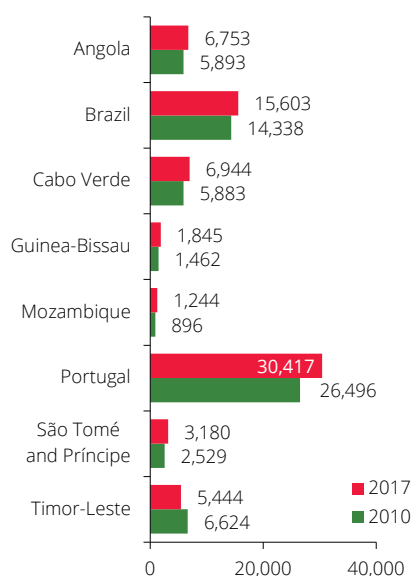
Note: Figures in brackets refer to the area of the respective Exclusive Economic Zone.

Gross Domestic Product | EUR, millions, current prices

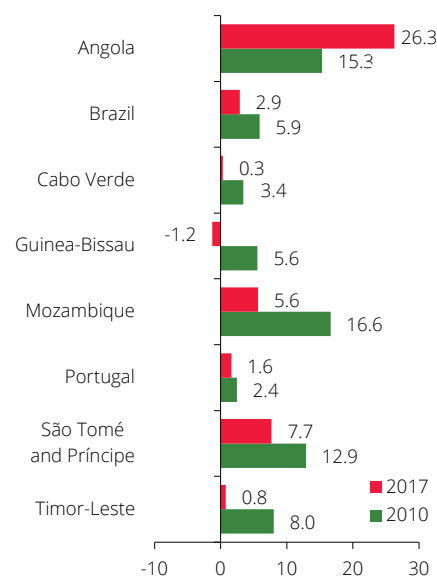


Note: Figures for Timor-Leste include oil revenues.

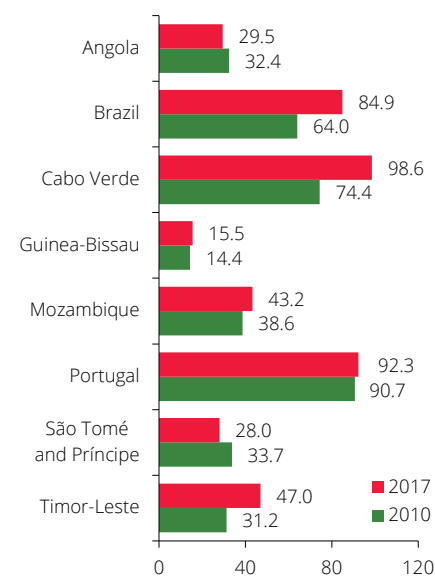
GDP per capita | USD, in PPP, current prices



Inflation | Consumer Price Index, year-on-year percentage change



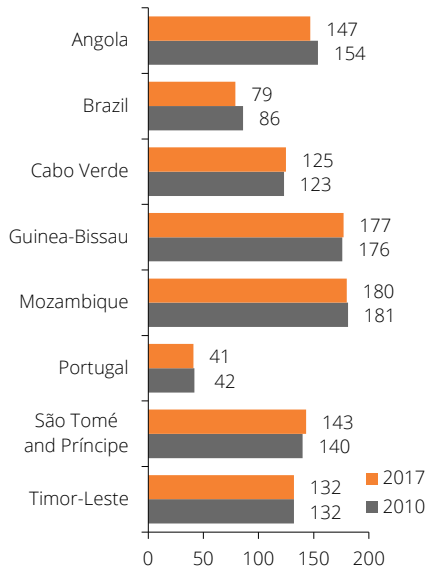
Bank deposits | As a percentage of GDP



Note: PPP – Purchasing power parity. A form of currency conversion alternative to market rates. It rests on the comparison of prices in local currency for the same representative basket of goods in different countries (to establish a parity between the purchasing power of the same amount of currency in each country). Frequently used in international comparisons.

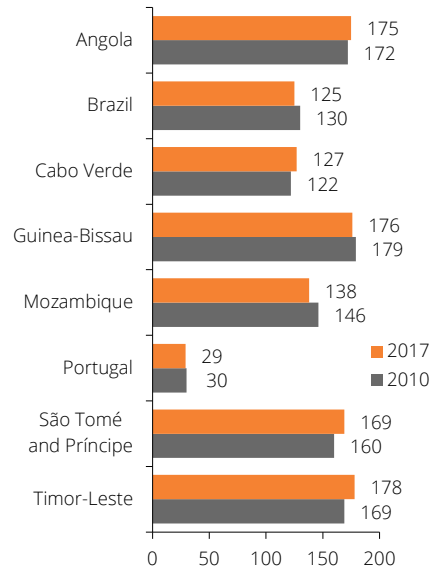
Portuguese-speaking Countries in charts

Human development index |
Ranking position



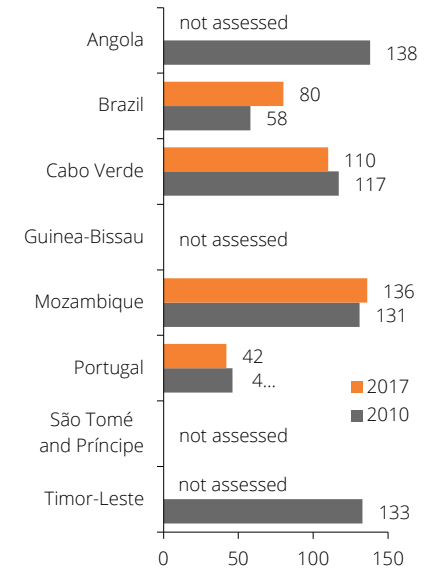
Note: Human Development Index: composite indicator calculated by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), which takes into account life expectancy, educational attainment and income (1: maximum – 188; minimum in 2010; 1: maximum – 189; minimum in 2017).

Business environment |
Ranking position



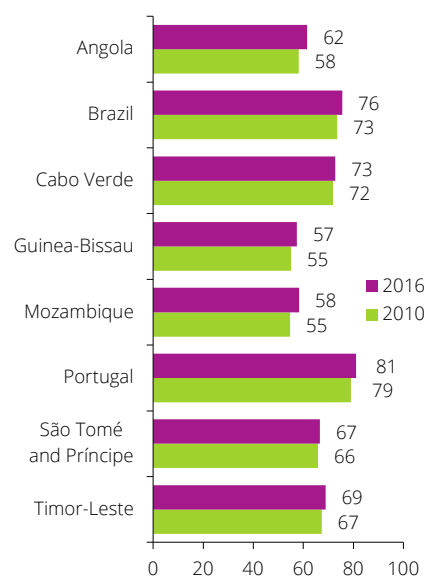
Note: Doing Business Indicators: range of indicators relevant to the business environment regulatory framework, compiled by the World Bank. A composite indicator is calculated to encapsulate the overall quality of the business environment in each country (1: maximum – 185; minimum in 2010 and 2017).

Global competitiveness |
Ranking position

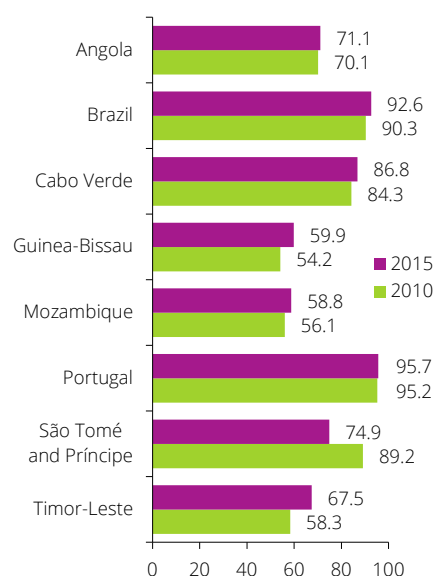


Note: Global Competitiveness Indicator: composite indicator calculated by the World Economic Forum, which encapsulates a wide set of macroeconomic and structural indicators seen as relevant for measuring competitiveness (1: maximum – 139; minimum in 2010; 1: maximum – 137; minimum in 2017).

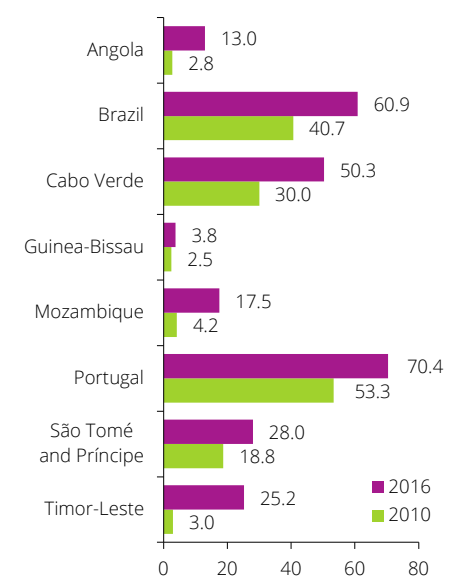
Life expectancy | At birth, years



Literacy rate | Adult population (15+) able to read and write, as a % of total population



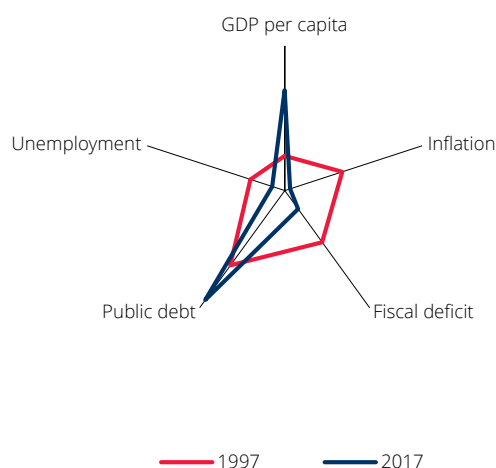
Internet | Users, as a percentage of total population



Cabo Verde: then and now

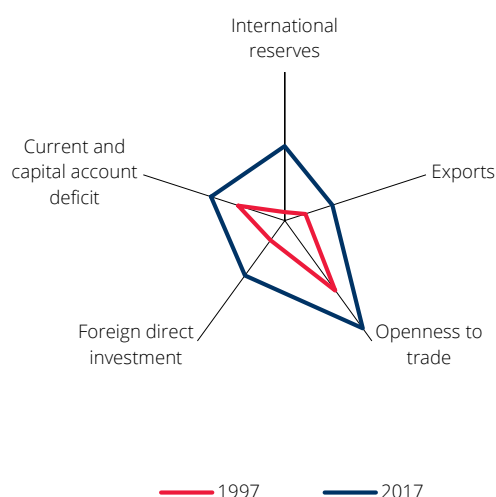
20th anniversary of the Exchange Rate Agreement between Portugal and Cabo Verde (1998-2018)

Domestic macroeconomic indicators



	1997	1998	2016	2017
GDP <i>per capita</i>	2,397	2,575	6,643	6,944
Inflation	8.4	4.4	-1.4	0.8
Fiscal balance	-8.8	-3.6	-3.5	-3.2
Public debt	89.5	82.2	136.3	130.7
Unemployment	25.0	24.0	9.0	9.0

External macroeconomic indicators



	1997	1998	2016	2017
International reserves	0.7	0.3	7.2	6.0
Exports	17.8	15.4	39.6	40.6
Openness to trade	69.6	66.1	100.1	107.5
Foreign direct investment	2.0	1.4	6.9	5.5
Current and capital account	-4.0	-6.2	-1.9	-6.3

Notes:

In charts, each axis has its own scale, not necessarily coinciding with those of the other axes in the same chart (see tables for figures).

GDP *per capita*: Gross Domestic Product per person, in USD and purchasing power parity (PPP).

Inflation: Consumer Price Index (CPI), average annual rate of change.

Fiscal balance/deficit: overall public budget balance/deficit, as a percentage of GDP.

Public debt: foreign and domestic, as a percentage of GDP.

Unemployment: average annual rate, as a percentage of total economically active population.

International reserves: net, in months of imports of goods and services.

Exports: of goods and services, as a percentage of GDP.

Openness to trade: exports plus imports of goods and services, as a percentage of GDP.

Foreign direct investment: as a percentage of GDP.

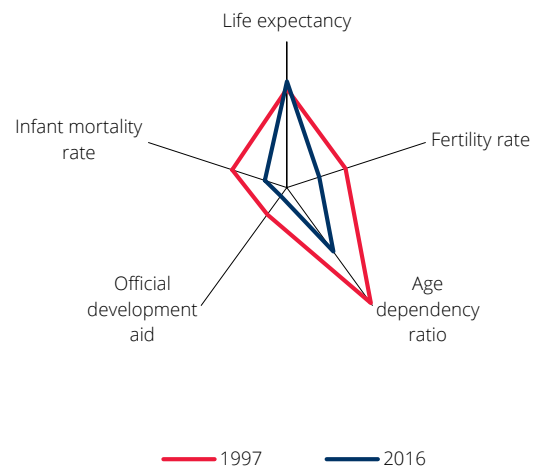
Current and capital account: balance/deficit, as a percentage of GDP.

Cabo Verde: then and now

20th anniversary of the Exchange Rate Agreement between Portugal and Cabo Verde (1998-2018)

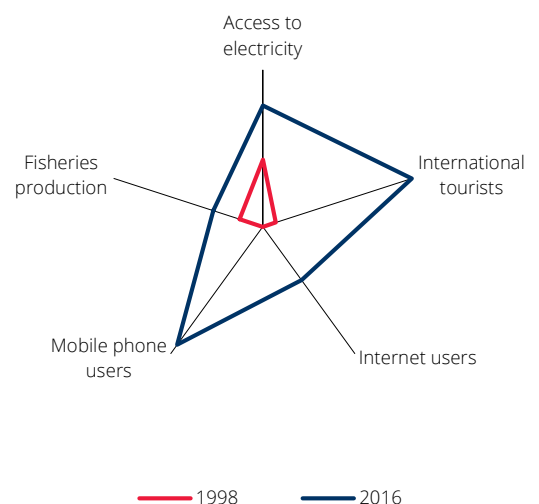
Socioeconomic indicators

	1997	1998	2016	2017
Life expectancy	67.8	68.4	72.8	–
Fertility rate	4.2	4.1	2.3	–
Age dependency ratio	97.8	96.4	54.1	53.1
Official development aid	22.8	25.1	7.2	–
Infant mortality rate	39.5	36.0	15.9	15.0



General indicators

	1997	1998	2016	2017
Access to electricity	49.0	51.4	92.6	–
International tourists	45	52	598	–
Internet users	–	0.2	50.3	57.2
Mobile phone users	0.005	0.2	111.6	112.1
Fisheries production	9.7	9.4	19.9	–



Notes:

In charts, each axis has its own scale, not necessarily coinciding with those of the other axes in the same chart (see tables for figures).

Life expectancy at birth: total (female and male), in years.

Fertility rate: average number of live births per woman.

Age dependency ratio: number of people below 15 or above 64 years of age, as a percentage of people of working age.

Official development assistance: net, as a percentage of Gross National Product.

Infant mortality: number of children deceased before completing one year of age, per 1000 live births.

Access to electricity: number of people with access to electric power, as a percentage of total population.

International tourists: number of non-residents admitted to the country, staying for less than one year, in thousands.

Internet users: as a percentage of total population.

Mobile phone users: number of active pre-paid and post-paid subscriptions (in use over the past quarter), as a percentage of total population.

Fisheries production: total caught or farmed, in thousands of metric tons.

Portuguese-Speaking Countries in tables

Gross Domestic Product | Annual percentage change, at constant prices

	2001 to 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Est.	2016 Est.	2017 Est.	2018 Prog.	2019 Prog.
Angola	12.2	3.4	3.9	5.2	6.8	4.7	3.0	-0.8	1.0	2.2	3.1
Brazil	3.2	7.5	4.0	1.9	3.0	0.5	-3.5	-3.5	1.0	1.4	2.4
Cabo Verde	5.5	1.5	4.0	1.1	0.8	0.6	1.0	3.8	3.9	4.3	4.0
Guinea-Bissau	2.2	4.6	8.1	-1.7	3.3	1.0	6.1	6.3	5.9	5.3	5.0
Mozambique	8.2	6.7	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.4	6.6	3.8	3.7	5.3	4.0
Portugal	0.6	2.4	3.5	2.1	0.2	-0.3	0.3	0.9	1.6	2.3	1.9
São Tomé and Príncipe	5.3	4.5	4.9	4.5	4.0	6.5	3.8	4.2	3.9	4.0	4.5
Timor-Leste	7.5	10.1	7.9	5.5	2.5	4.1	4.0	5.3	-5.6	0.6	5.7

Inflation | Consumer Price Index, year-on-year percentage change

	2001 to 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 Est.	2017 Est.	2018 Prog.	2019 Prog.
Angola	39.3	15.3	11.4	9.0	7.7	7.5	14.3	41.9	26.3	28.7	12.0
Brazil	6.7	5.9	6.5	5.8	5.9	6.4	10.7	6.3	2.9	4.2	4.2
Cabo Verde	2.6	3.4	3.6	4.1	0.1	-0.4	-0.5	-0.3	0.3	1.0	1.6
Guinea-Bissau	2.1	5.6	3.4	1.7	-0.1	-0.1	2.4	1.6	-1.2	2.0	2.3
Mozambique	11.0	16.6	5.5	2.2	3.5	1.9	10.6	23.7	5.6	6.5	5.5
Portugal	2.4	2.4	3.5	2.1	0.2	-0.3	0.3	0.9	1.6	1.8	2.5
São Tomé and Príncipe	16.9	12.9	11.9	10.4	7.1	6.4	4.0	5.1	7.7	6.0	5.0
Timor-Leste	5.2	9.2	17.4	9.1	4.0	0.3	-0.7	0.0	0.8	2.5	2.8

Overall budget balance | As a percentage of GDP, commitment basis

	2001 to 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Est.	2016 Est.	2017 Est.	2018 Prog.	2019 Prog.
Angola	-0.7	6.8	10.2	6.6	0.3	-6.6	-3.3	-4.8	-4.7	-2.5	-0.2
Brazil	-3.2	-2.7	-2.5	-2.5	-3.0	-5.4	-10.3	-9.0	-7.8	-7.5	-6.4
Cabo Verde	-4.3	-10.6	-7.9	-10.3	-9.3	-7.6	-4.6	-3.1	-3.2	-3.2	-5.9
Guinea-Bissau	-4.0	0.2	-0.5	-2.3	-1.8	-2.6	-3.0	-4.7	-1.3	-2.5	-2.3
Mozambique	-2.9	-3.8	-4.7	-3.8	-4.5	-4.5	-5.7	-3.5	0.1	-3.9	-7.6
Portugal	-5.1	-11.2	-7.4	-5.7	-4.8	-7.2	-4.4	-2.0	-3.0	-0.7	-0.2
São Tomé and Príncipe	10.1	-10.5	-12.6	-10.7	-2.0	-4.1	-7.5	-4.2	-2.6	0.3	-3.7
(Domestic primary balance)	-	-4.6	-3.0	-3.2	-2.6	-2.7	-3.0	-4.0	-2.3	-1.3	-
Timor-Leste	16.5	40.8	43.5	-27.3	-6.5	-37.4	-32.8	-52.1	-30.4	-29.0	-34.2

Current account balance | As a percentage of GDP

	2001 to 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Est.	2016 Est.	2017 Est.	2018 Prog.	2019 Prog.
Angola	4.4	9.1	12.6	12.0	6.5	-3.0	-10.0	-5.1	-4.5	-2.1	-1.9
Brazil	-0.4	-3.4	-2.9	-3.0	-3.0	-4.2	-3.3	-1.3	-0.5	-1.3	-1.6
Cabo Verde	-11.0	-13.5	-16.2	-14.0	-5.8	-9.1	-4.6	-2.7	-6.8	-9.4	-10.2
(Current and capital account)	-6.0	-11.1	-15.6	-13.3	-5.4	-8.7	-3.4	-1.9	-5.9	-8.8	-10.6
Guinea-Bissau	-2.3	-8.3	-1.3	-8.4	-5.0	0.6	1.9	1.3	-0.5	-3.2	-4.1
Mozambique	-13.6	-16.1	-25.3	-40.8	-38.8	-33.5	-38.6	-35.0	-20.2	-16.9	-44.7
(Current and capital account)	-3.8	-7.3	-21.9	-37.8	-36.2	-31.3	-36.7	-33.1	-18.7	-14.9	-42.9
Portugal	-9.7	-10.1	-6.0	-1.8	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.7
(Current and capital account)	-8.2	-8.8	-4.5	0.3	3.2	1.6	1.3	1.7	1.4	1.8	1.8
São Tomé and Príncipe	-26.2	-22.6	-27.5	-20.9	-23.6	-24.5	-13.0	-6.5	-8.2	-6.8	-10.2
Timor-Leste	15.6	39.3	41.4	41.0	42.3	27.0	6.6	-21.6	-10.8	-19.7	-22.4

Main sources: Central banks, Ministries of Finance and national statistical institutes of Portuguese-speaking countries; Eurostat, European Central Bank (ECB), International Monetary Fund (IMF), Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), World Bank, United Nations (UN), World Trade Organisation (WTO), CIA Factbook, World Economic Forum.